Don't Be a Fool

Text: Proverbs 10:13-32

Introduction

Solomon began this chapter with an admonition concerning the contrast of children. He states again the two classes of people in this world...*The Wise and the Fool*. Chapter 10 refers to the fool 7 times.

Obviously, Solomon is truly to warn his son not to be a fool. The first twelve verses of the chapter revealed <u>five practical points</u> of instruction that warned about being a fool. In the remainder of the chapter, several more practical principles are stated that, if learned and applied, will keep a man out of the "fool" territory.

I.	The Empty		of a	Fool	(vv.	13-22).
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LIFE PRINCIPLE #25 =

- A. An open mouth reveals an _____ head (v.13; cf. Pro. 10:19; 17:27-28).
 - 1. Understanding is accompanied by _____ (v.13*a*).
 - 2. Foolishness is accompanied by _____ (v.13*b*).
- B. A fool's mouth finds ______ every time (vv. 14-17).
 - 1. The trouble with a fool is that fools find ______(v.14).
 - 2. The trouble with a fool is that fools have no ______ ethic (vv. 15-16).

—The wise have less financial troubles (v.15), because the wise know how to _____(v.16).

- 3. The trouble with a fool is that fools will not ______(v.17).
- C. A fool's mouth offers nothing _____ (vv. 18-22).
 - 1. The _____ mouth of the fool (vv. 18-19).
 - 2. The _____ mouth of the wise (vv. 20-22).

LIFE PRINCIPLE #26:

(v. 22).

- II. The Empty _____ of a Fool (vv. 23-32).
 - A. His _____ (vv. 23-25).
 - 1. Always _____ (i.e., clowning, v.23).
 - LIFE PRINCIPLE #27:
 - 2. Always _____ (v.24).

—Lives by the "_____" principle.

3. Always ______ (v.25; cf. 28:1).

B. His ______ (v.26).

- 1. Laziness is _____.
- 2. A fool is not _____.

C. His ______ (vv. 27-32). —*The fool's life & the wise life are...*

- 1. A contrasting of _____ (vv. 27-31).
- 2. A contrasting of _____ (v.32).